

Figure 2. Soil compaction under four grazing treatments, following three years of treatment. EXC = livestock enclosure; CON = conventional, low-density, long-duration grazing; HRM = high-intensity, short-duration grazing; VHI = very high-intensity, short-duration grazing to simulate herd impact. Different letters denote significant differences in the degree of soil compaction ($df=3$, $F=15.308$, $P=0.006$).

Plant Cover

We found plant cover to be fairly similar among treatments, ranging from 78% to 88% (Fig. 4). Year-to-year variation in total plant cover was not significant, whereas treatment type was a significant factor ($df=3$, $F=9.87$, $P<0.0001$). At a finer scale of inspection, total plant cover measurements showed the HRM treatment to be consistently lower than the EXC and CON treatments by about 7-9%. Furthermore, the

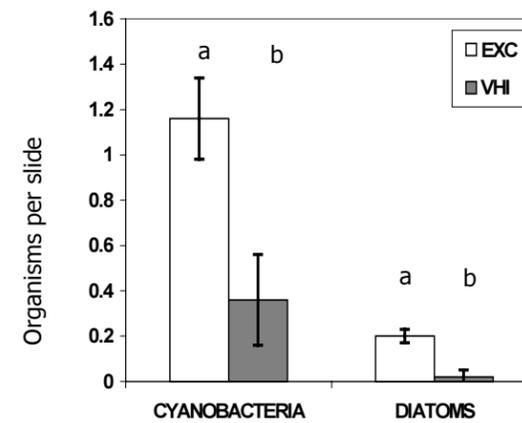


Figure 3. Abundance of cyanobacteria and diatoms in enclosures (EXC) and very high-intensity (VHI) plots following two years of treatment. Different letters denote significant differences in abundances ($df=1$, $F=8.98$, $P=0.0047$).